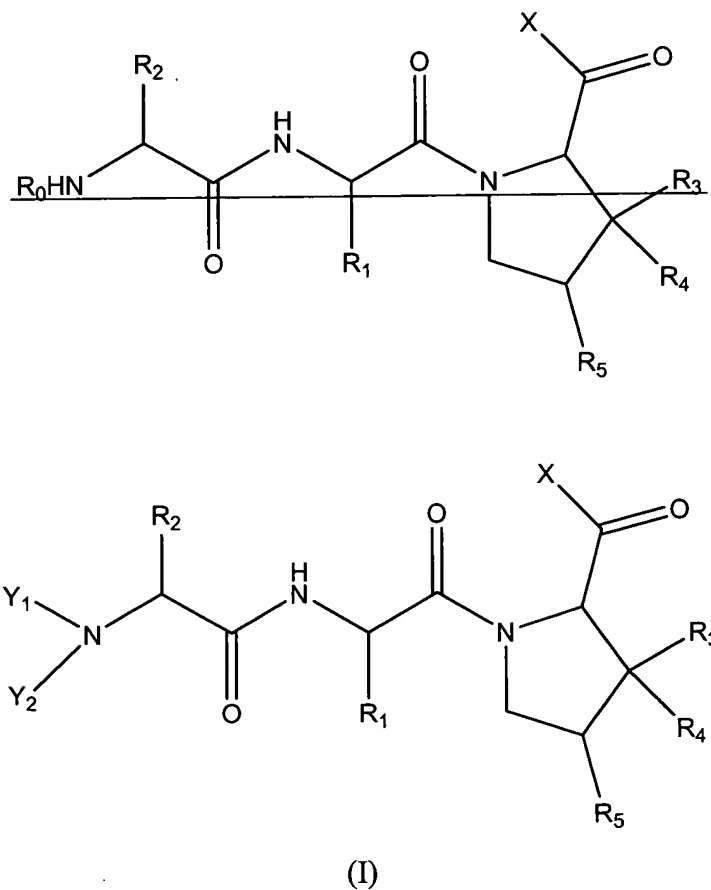


Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended): A method for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of formula (I):



wherein X represents OH, (C_{1-5}) alkoxy, NH_2 , $\text{NH-C}_{1-5}\text{-alkyl}$, or $\text{N}(\text{C}_{1-5}\text{ alkyl})_2$;

R₁ is a residue derived from one of the amino acids Phe, Tyr, Trp, Pro, which each may be optionally substituted with one or more (C₁₋₅) alkoxy groups, (C₁₋₅) alkyl groups or halogen atoms, as well as Ala, Val, Leu or Ile;

R₂ is a residue derived from one of the amino acids Gly, Ala, Ile, Val, Ser, Thr, Leu or Pro;

Y₁ and Y₂ independently from each other represent H or (C₁₋₅) alkyl;

R₃ and R₄ independently from each other represent H, OH, (C₁₋₅) alkyl or (C₁₋₅) alkoxy, provided that R₃ and R₄ are not both OH or (C₁₋₅) alkoxy; and

R₅ represents H, OH, (C₁₋₅) alkyl or (C₁₋₅) alkoxy;
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2. (currently amended): The method according to claim 1, wherein \times X represents (C₁₋₅) alkoxy, NH₂, NH-C₁₋₅-alkyl, or N(C₁₋₅ alkyl)₂.

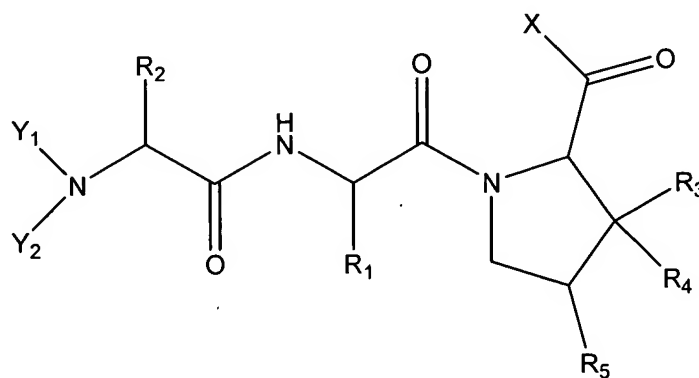
3. (previously presented): The method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein R₃ and R₄ independently from each other represent H, (C₁₋₅) alkyl or (C₁₋₅) alkoxy, provided that R₃ and R₄ are not (C₁₋₅) alkoxy.

4. (previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein R₅ represents H, (C₁₋₅) alkyl or (C₁₋₅) alkoxy.

5. (previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein the neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's disease.

6. (previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein the neurodegenerative disease is mild cognitive impairment.

7. (previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein R_1 is a residue which is derived from one of the amino acids Phe, Tyr, Trp, each of which may optionally be substituted with a (C_{1-5}) alkoxy group, a (C_{1-5}) alkyl group or a halogen atom or which is derived from Ile.
8. (previously presented) The method according to claim 7, wherein R_1 is a residue which is derived from Phe, which may optionally be substituted with a (C_{1-5}) alkoxy group, a (C_{1-5}) alkyl group or a halogen atom.
9. (previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein R_2 is a residue which is derived from the amino acid Gly or Ile.
10. (previously presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound of formula (I) is glycyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-prolineamide, N,N-diethyl-isoleucyl-phenylalanyl-L-proline ethylamide, N,N-diethyl-isoleucyl-isoleucyl-prolineamide or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
11. (currently amended): A pharmaceutical composition comprising compounds of the following formula (I):



(I)

wherein X represents OH, (C_{1-5}) alkoxy, NH_2 , $NH-C_{1-5}$ -alkyl, $N(C_{1-5} \text{ alkyl})_2$;

R_1 is a residue derived from one of the amino acids Phe, which each may be optionally substituted with one or more (C_{1-5}) alkoxy groups, (C_{1-5}) alkyl groups or halogen atoms;

R₂ is a residue derived from one of the amino acids Gly, Ala, Ile, Val, Ser, Thr, Leu and Pro;

Y₁ and Y₂ independently from each other represent H or (C₁₋₅) alkyl;

R₃ and R₄ independently from each other represent H, OH, (C₁₋₅) alkyl or (C₁₋₅)alkoxy, provided that R₃ and R₄ are not both OH or (C₁₋₅) alkoxy; and

R₅ represents H, OH, (C₁₋₅) alkyl or (C₁₋₅) alkoxy;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof ;

and pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

12. (currently amended): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 11, wherein * X represents (C₁₋₅) alkoxy, NH₂, NH-C₁₋₅ alkyl or N(C₁₋₅ alkyl)₂.

13. (currently amended): The pharmaceutical composition according to ~~claims~~ claim 11 or 12, wherein R₂ is a residue which is derived from the amino acid Gly.

14. (currently amended): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 11, wherein the compound of formula (I) is glycyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-prolineamide, ~~N,N-diethyl-isoleucylphenylalanyl-L-proline-ethylamide~~ N,N-diethyl-isoleucyl-phenylalanyl-L-proline ethylamide, ~~N,N-diethyl-isoleucylisoleucyl-prolineamide~~ N,N-diethyl-isoleucyl-isoleucyl-prolineamide or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

15. (canceled)

16. (new): The method according to claim 1, wherein R₁ is a residue which is derived from Phe which is optionally substituted with one or more (C₁₋₅) alkoxy groups, (C₁₋₅) alkyl groups or one or more halogen atoms, or which is derived from the amino acid Ile, R₂ is a residue derived from

the amino acid Gly or Ile, R_3 , R_4 and R_5 represent a hydrogen atom, X is NH_2 , $NH-(C_{1-3})$ alkyl or $N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$, and Y_1 and Y_2 independently from each other represent H or (C_{1-3}) alkyl.

17. (new): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 11, wherein R_1 is a residue which is derived from Phe which is optionally substituted with one or more (C_{1-5}) alkoxy groups, (C_{1-5}) alkyl groups or one or more halogen atoms, or which is derived from the amino acid Ile, R_2 is a residue derived from the amino acid Gly or Ile, R_3 , R_4 and R_5 represent a hydrogen atom, X is NH_2 , $NH-(C_{1-3})$ alkyl or $N(C_{1-3} \text{ alkyl})_2$, and Y_1 and Y_2 independently from each other represent H or (C_{1-3}) alkyl.